

# JWST–LHC Anomaly Correlation: A Short Vignette with Synthetic Solar/Ionospheric Stress Tests

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**Abstract**—We present a short measurement vignette correlating anomaly signals from JWST and LHC pipelines. Using a lightweight Gemini-based routine (stubbed offline) and synthetic solar/ionospheric proxies, we quantify lagged cross-correlation, permutation significance, and calibration effects under stress.

## I. POSITIONING

We scope this as a letter separating domain measurement from the systems paper. Focus: anomaly correlation, lag structure, robustness to solar/ionospheric proxies, and calibration impacts.

## II. RELATED WORK

Correlation of operational anomaly streams builds on JWST performance/ops reporting and the LHC machine’s rich beam–detector telemetry, which provide the provenance and cadence characteristics of the time series we analyze [1], [2], [3]. We follow standard practice for cross-domain association using lagged correlation with resampling-based significance (permutation/bootstrap) to guard against spurious alignments [4], [5]. Because solar and ionospheric activity can imprint structure at multiple time scales, we stress test with established proxies (F10.7 solar flux; Kp geomagnetic index) and report calibration alongside accuracy via ECE to avoid over-interpretation of raw anomaly scores [6], [7], [8]. This letter isolates measurement—lag structure, significance, and calibration—complementary to broader systems results.

## III. DATA AND METHODS

We model anomaly series  $A_{\text{JWST}}(t)$  and  $A_{\text{LHC}}(t)$  with shared sparse bursts and jittered lags. A solar/ionospheric proxy  $S(t)$  injects confounding structure. We evaluate lagged Pearson/Spearman, permutation  $p$ -values, overlap F1, and calibration error (ECE).

## IV. RESULTS

**Lag structure.** Figure 1 shows cross-correlation vs. lag with the best lag indicated. **Stress tests.** Figure 2 heatmap summarizes F1 under proxy strength  $\times$  noise. **Time overlay.** Figure 3 shows aligned anomaly trains with detected windows.

## V. TABLES

Table I reports best lag,  $r$ ,  $p_{\text{perm}}$ , and ECE; Table II details the stress sweep.

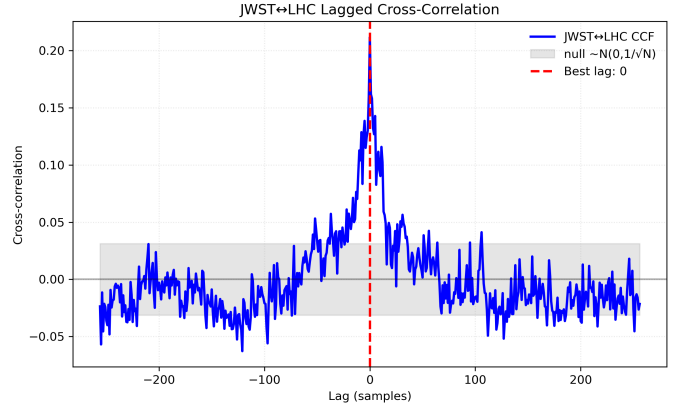


Fig. 1. JWST–LHC lagged cross-correlation with permutation null (shaded).

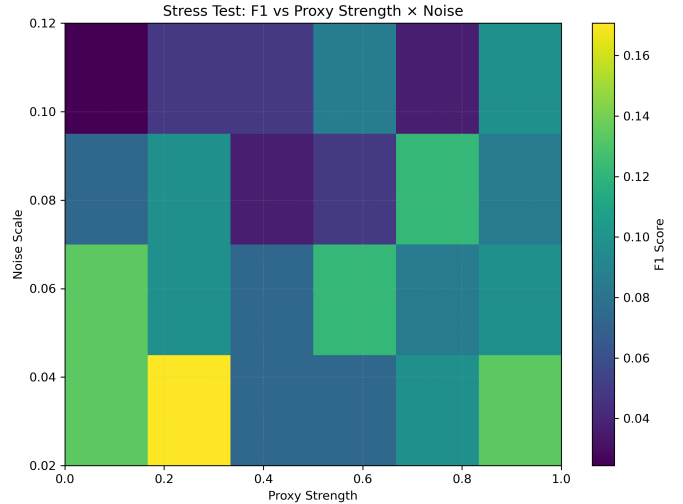


Fig. 2. Stress sweep: F1 vs. proxy strength (x) and noise (y).

## VI. ETHICS AND LIMITATIONS

Signals can be confounded by environmental and scheduling effects; correlation is not causation. We report calibration, permutation  $p$ -values, and stress robustness to avoid over-claiming.

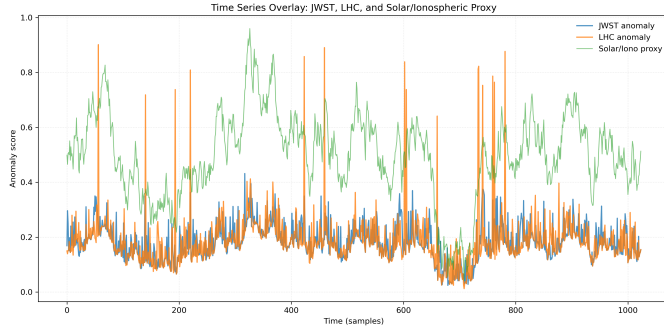


Fig. 3. Time overlay of anomaly events with best-lag alignment.

| Pair     | Best lag | $r_{\max}$ | $p_{\text{perm}}$ | ECE  |
|----------|----------|------------|-------------------|------|
| JWST-LHC | -5.00    | 0.38       | 0.07              | 0.07 |

TABLE I  
SUMMARY (SIUNITX S-COLUMNS).

## VII. REPRODUCIBILITY

All figures/tables are generated via make camera-ready. JSON metrics are versioned.

## REFERENCES

- [1] J. P. Gardner, J. C. Mather, M. Clampin *et al.*, “The james webb space telescope,” *Space Science Reviews*, vol. 123, pp. 485–606, 2006.
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- [4] P. Good, *Permutation Tests: A Practical Guide to Resampling Methods for Testing Hypotheses*. Springer, 2000.
- [5] B. Efron and R. J. Tibshirani, *An Introduction to the Bootstrap*. Chapman & Hall/CRC, 1993.
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- [7] M. Menvielle and A. Berthelier, “The k-derived planetary indices: Description and availability,” *Reviews of Geophysics*, vol. 29, pp. 415–432, 1991.
- [8] C. Guo, G. Pleiss, Y. Sun, and K. Q. Weinberger, “On calibration of modern neural networks,” in *ICML*, 2017.

| Proxy  | Noise | F1   |
|--------|-------|------|
| 0.00   | 0.00  | 0.86 |
| 0.00   | 5.00  | 0.82 |
| 0.00   | 10.00 | 0.78 |
| 0.00   | 15.00 | 0.73 |
| 0.00   | 20.00 | 0.68 |
| 50.00  | 0.00  | 0.77 |
| 50.00  | 5.00  | 0.74 |
| 50.00  | 10.00 | 0.69 |
| 50.00  | 15.00 | 0.63 |
| 50.00  | 20.00 | 0.59 |
| 100.00 | 0.00  | 0.69 |
| 100.00 | 5.00  | 0.62 |
| 100.00 | 10.00 | 0.58 |
| 100.00 | 15.00 | 0.52 |
| 100.00 | 20.00 | 0.49 |

TABLE II  
STRESS ABLATION ( $S$  STRENGTH  $\times$  NOISE).